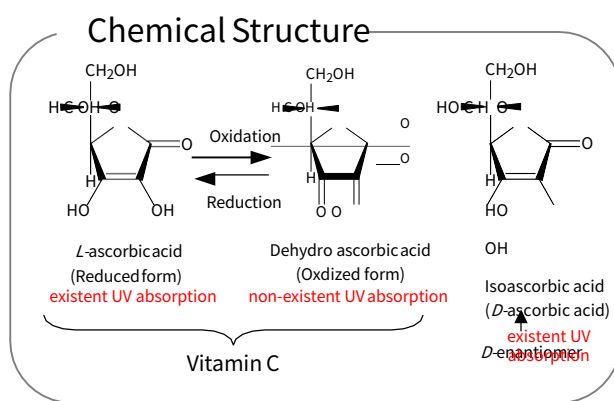


# Analysis of Vitamin C in Food by HPLC

This is an application data of analyzing L-ascorbic acid and Dehydroascorbic acid, which are known to have a Vitamin C activity and Isoascorbic acid by HPLC using PDA.

Dehydroascorbic acid is a Vitamin C compound like Ascorbic acid. Dehydroascorbic acid (DHAsA) is an oxidized form of Ascorbic acid (AsA). AsA can be detected by an UV Detector, but DHAsA can not. Therefore, it is necessary to convert the structure of the compound to make it detected by an UV Detector analyzing the total amount of Vitamin C. Also, there is an isomer of AsA known as Isoascorbic acid (ErA), which is a food additive.

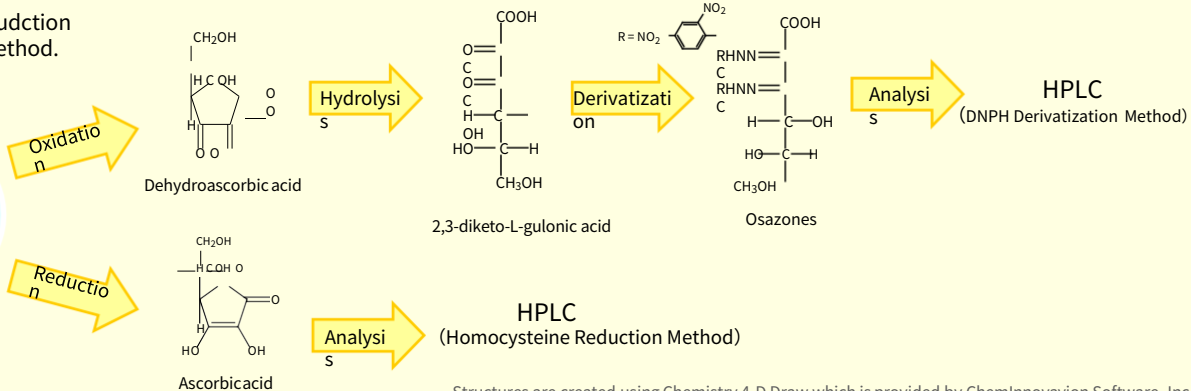
This application was conducted based on the Japanese Food Sanitation Inspection Guideline.



## Outline

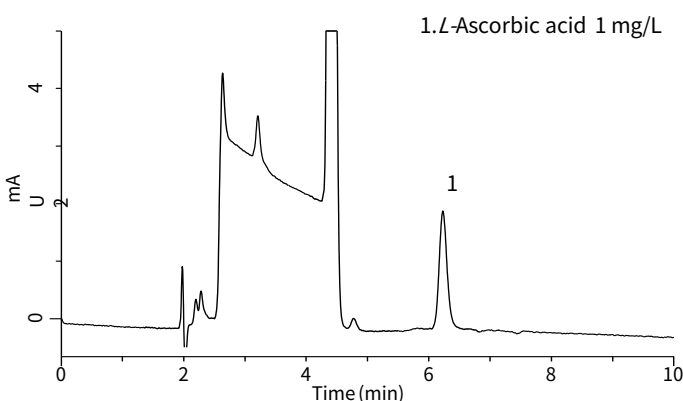
The total amount of Ascorbic acid can be measured by a DNPH Derivatization method. Simultaneous analysis of Isoascorbic acid and Reduced L-ascorbic acid can be measured by a Homocysteine

reduction method.

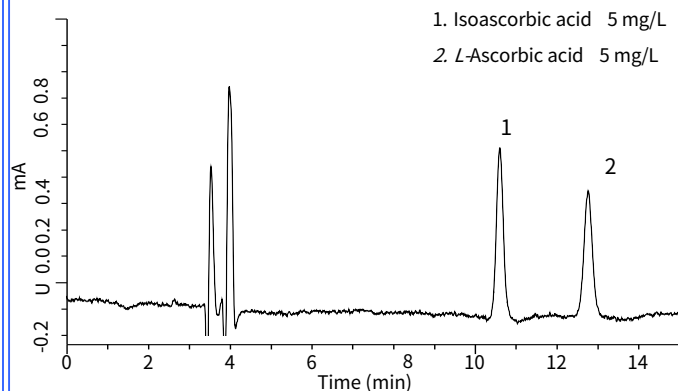


## Analysis of Standard Solution

### DNPH Derivatization Method



### Homocysteine Reduction Method



### Analytical Conditions ①

**Column** : Inertsil SIL-100A  
(5 $\mu$ m, 250 x 4.6 mm I.D.)

**Mobile Phase** : A) CH<sub>3</sub>COOC<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>  
B) *n*-Hexane  
C) CH<sub>3</sub>COOH  
A/B/C = 50/40/10, v/v/v

**Flow Rate** : 1.5 mL/min

**Column Temp.** : 40 °C

**Detection** : PDA 495 nm

**Injection Volume** : 20  $\mu$ L

### Analytical Conditions ②

**Column** : Inertsil NH<sub>2</sub>  
(5 $\mu$ m, 250 x 4.6 mm I.D.)

**Mobile Phase** : A) CH<sub>3</sub>CN B) CH<sub>3</sub>OH  
C) 0.01M phosphoric Buffer  
D) 0.03% homocystein solution  
A/B/C/D = 600/30/100/30, v/v/v/v  
: 1.0 mL/min

**Flow Rate** : 40 °C

**Column Temp.** : PDA 270 nm

**Detection**

**Injection Volume** : 5  $\mu$ L

# DNPH Derivatization Method

## Pretreatment Conditions

### Sample

- 5 g
- 5 % Metaphosphoric acid 30 mL
- grinding extraction
- Dilute to 50 mL with 5 % Metaphosphoric acid

### Filtration

- Centrifugation 3000 rpm, 10 min
- 0.45 µm Filter

### Fractionation

- 2 mL Fraction

### Derivatization

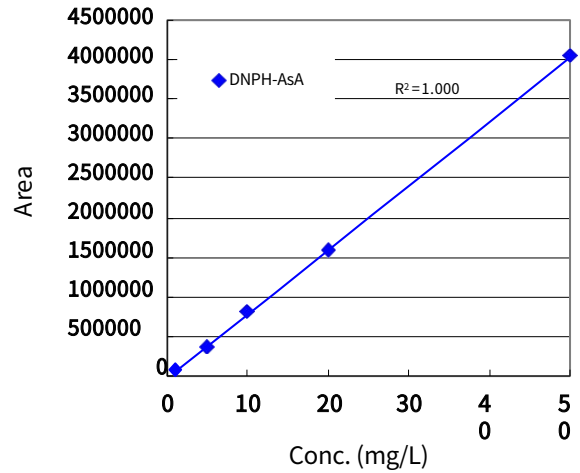
- 5 % Metaphosphoric acid 1 mL
- 2,6-dichloroindophenol 3 drop
- 2 % thiourea • Metaphosphoric acid solution 2 mL
- 2 % 2,4-DNPH • 4.5M Sulfuric acid 0.5 mL
- Heating (50°C, 90 min)
- Water cooling

### liquid-liquid extraction

- Ethyl acetate 2 mL
- Shake 1 hr

### Measurement sample

- Supernatant liquid
  - 0.5 mL Fraction
  - Dilute to 1 mL with Hexane
- Lower layer  
Waste

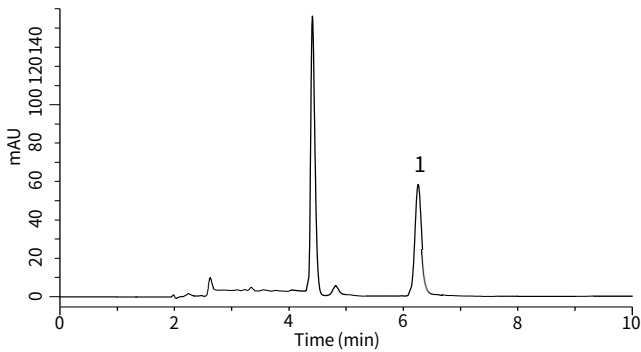


### Calibration Curve<sup>\*1</sup>

\*1: The calibration sample was prepared by diluting L-Ascorbic acid in steps and pretreating it. The concentration described above is the concentration after diluting the sample.

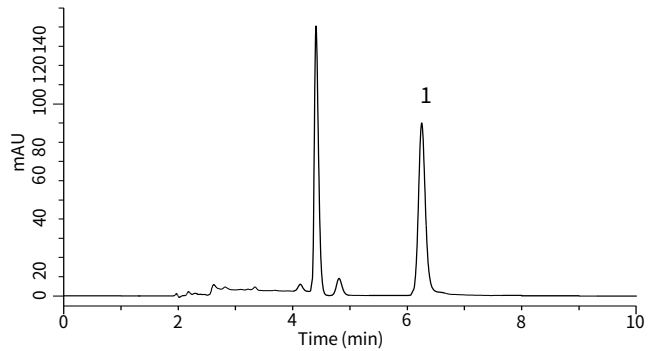
## Analysis of food (Analytical Conditions ①)

### Tea leaf

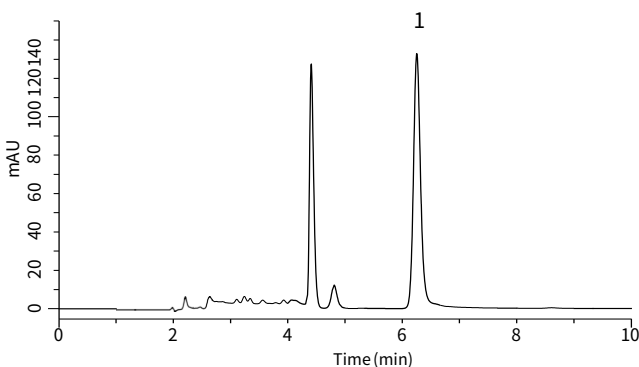


### Sausage

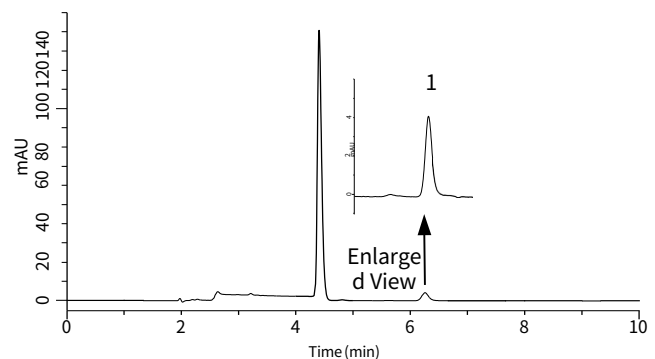
1. L-Ascorbic acid



### Baby formula



### Spinach



**Liquid Sample**

10 g  
4 % Metaphosphoric acid 10 mL  
Dilute to 50 mL  
with 2 % Metaphosphoric acid

**Solid Sample**

10 g  
4 % Metaphosphoric acid 10 mL  
2 % Metaphosphoric acid 30 mL  
ultrasonic extraction 10 min  
Dilute to 50 mL  
with 2 % Metaphosphoric acid

**Filtration**

Centrifugation 3000 rpm 10 min  
0.45 μm Filter

**Reduction**

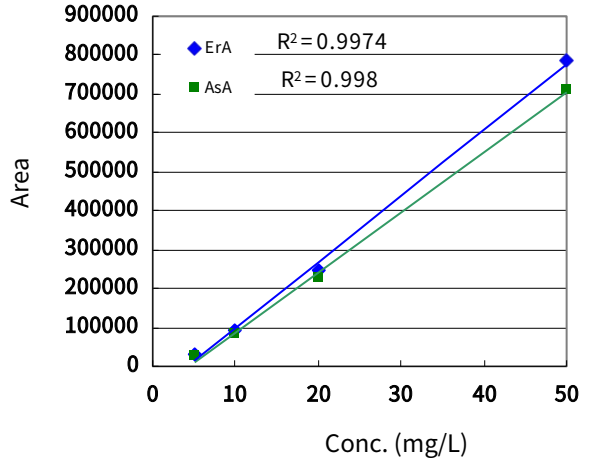
0.1 % Homocystein 1 mL  
10 % Disodium Hydrogen Phosphate 1 mL  
Heating (40 °C, 20 min)

**Measurement**

L-ascorbic acid  
+  
Iso ascorbic acid

**Measurement**

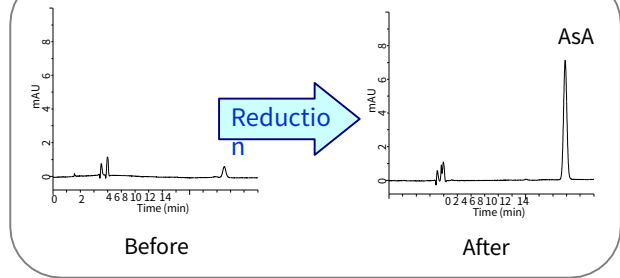
Total Ascorbic acid  
+  
Total Iso ascorbic acid



Calibration Curve\*2

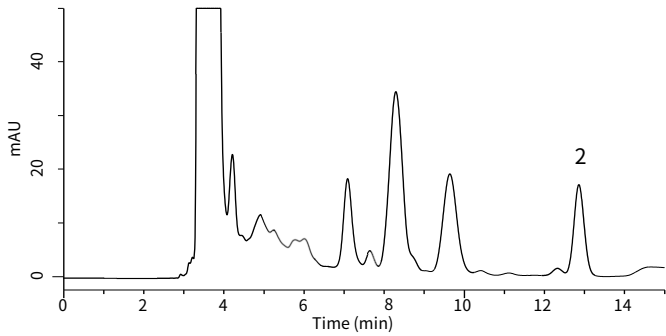
\*2: On this figure, standard solution is diluted by 2 % Metaphosphoric acid.

Effect of Reduction Method

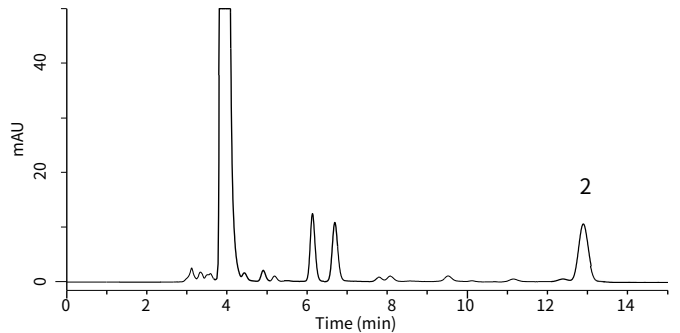


**Analysis of food (Analytical Conditions ②)**

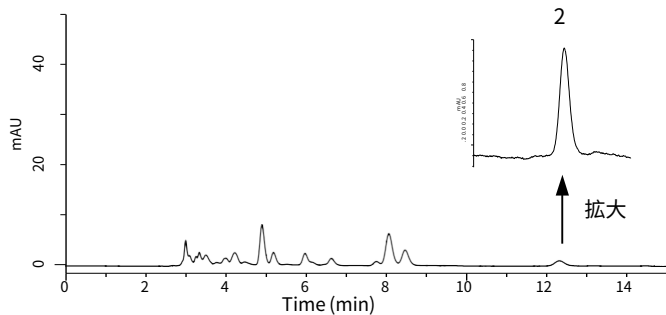
**Tea leaf**



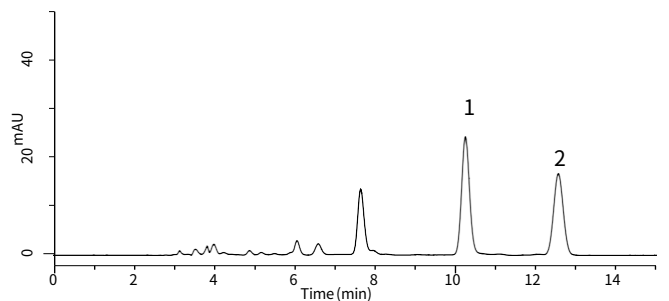
**Sausage**

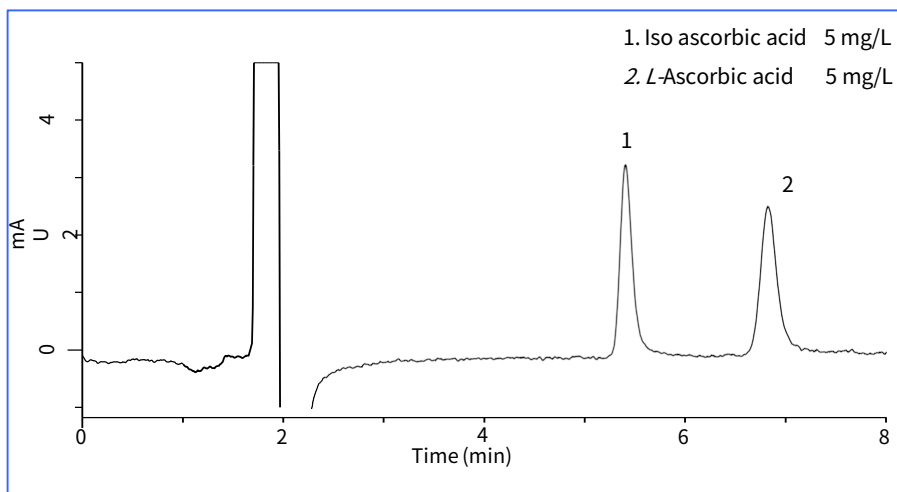


**Beer**



**Fish sausage**



Modified analytical conditions by Homocysteine Reduction MethodAnalytical Conditions ③

**Column** : Inertsil NH<sub>2</sub>  
(5 μm, 250 x 4.6 mm I.D.)

**Mobile Phase** : A) CH<sub>3</sub>CN  
B) H<sub>2</sub>O  
C) CH<sub>3</sub>COOH  
A/B/C = 87/11/2, v/v/v

**Flow Rate** : 2.0 mL/min

**Column Temp.** : 40 °C

**Detection** : PDA 243 nm

**Injection Volume** : 20 μL

GL Sciences disclaims any and all responsibility for any injury or damage which may be caused by this data directly or indirectly. We reserve the right to amend this information or data at any time and without any prior announcement.

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